THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

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VOL. VIII.—OLD SERIES. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1854. NEW SERIES.—VOL. II.

BUSINESS CARDS.

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OFFICE.....148 LAKE St.,
Left by CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

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The Daily Tribune.

CITY OF CHICAGO:

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 7, 1854.

☞ See Third Page!

THE ELECTION TO-DAY!

We make a last appeal to the "solid men" of the city this morning, to turn out to-day and work for the city. To the Mechanics, Merchants and Professional men,—to all Christians, of every class and condition of life,—the election to-day is important. The question is, whether the Whiskey Party, allied with the Enemies of our Free Schools, shall control our elections! Rum will be poured out by hundreds of gallons, and it will triumph over us unless our sterling citizens are true to themselves, to the interests of the city, and to Morality and Religion. Turn out, every one! Let no one stay away. Vote early, too. Toward the close of the day there is no doubt that the polls, in many wards, will be blockaded by a blear-eyed, drunken rabble, who will try to prevent all legal men or agents by any decent person.

The School Fund in Danger!

There is no longer any doubt that our princely School Fund is in danger! Dr. Maxwell's withdrawal was mainly influenced by the fact that all those who favor the division of that Fund were hugged together in favor of Mr. Milliken, and left him no chance for votes from that source.—The enemies of Free Schools and Political and Religious Liberty will vote, without exception, for Milliken. This fact is full of the deepest significance. The Professors of St. Mary's College never come down into the Wards of the city to influence votes merely from personal considerations. Nothing less than the subversion of our School System, and the appropriation of its fund to Sectarian purposes, could induce them to take such a course.—Those who do not wish to see their counsel will vote for Tenney, and Aldermen whose views are unmistakably opposed to the scheme of the enemies of our Schools.

THE NEWS.

The steamer Nashville, from Havre, with Liverpool date to the 18th of February, arrived at New York on yesterday. There was a decline in flour of about one shilling, wheat was about stationary, and barley, oats, and other grains flat and lower.

The general news is of no importance. The preparations for a general war are still active.—In addition to the measures already taken by the government for the trans, ration of troops, it has been decided to take the Cunard steamers as fast as they arrive, leaving the Company to carry the mail in the smaller steamers. In addition to these, a number of the East India sailing ships have also been taken by the government to carry stores, troops, &c. The preparations are on a stupendous scale. The Baltic fleet of 24 ships, chiefly of the Line and powerful steam Frigates, was to assemble in the Downs on the 5th, where it would be joined by ten French vessels, chiefly of 60 and 100 guns each. The whole fleet, which was to be under the direction of Sir Charles Napier, is intended for operations against St. Petersburg. The steamer Neptune had already left for the Baltic to make surveys and soundings.

The Russians were committing dreadful excesses in Wallachia.

Notwithstanding all the warlike news, rumors of peace were still in circulation, and hopes were entertained that they would be successful. The autograph letter which Louis Napoleon has addressed to the Czar proposes a treaty of peace on the basis of the Vienna note, modified by Turkey, and their negotiations take place directly between the Russian and Turkish embassadors.

By a late dispatch we learn that the greatest activity prevails in the French navy yards and arsenals, and the work of preparation goes heavily on. It was thought that the receipt of Napoleon's note at St. Petersburg would bring the Eastern question to a crisis (for the one hundredth time.) Spirited debates on the war question had taken place in the British Parliament.

The money market was still easy, but the funds were a little affected by the growing certainty of war, consols being last quoted at 91¼.

In the House, at Washington, on yesterday, the resolution of the Maine and Massachusetts legislatures, against the Nebraska bill were presented, laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Another row took place on Sunday at the Park in New York. A Mr. Orr, alias *Gabriel*, was preaching to the multitude on the subject of Catholicism, and was attacked by the *noble Celts*, who endeavored to demonstrate their perfect attachment to liberty of speech, by sundry stalling punch. One man was badly injured.

Another great fire took place in New York on Sunday morning, consuming five buildings in Spring street, and entailing a loss of $100,000.

THE NEBRASKA BILL IN OHIO.

The Sandusky *Mirror* gives the names of twelve Ohio Democratic papers who advocate the passage of the bill, and thirty-seven—including one Whig, named as Democratic by mistake—who oppose the bill.

There is one shown a heavy balance against Douglas and his measure.

The *Mirror* very significantly says that never all of the papers which are friendly to the scheme "have been at war with each Democratic State Convention proceedings ever since the adoption of the new constitution. Their course was to be expected, and so thoroughly so as to be disappointing!"

A. T. STEWART BANKRUPT.

The very popular and gentlemanly seller, Mr. A. T. Dean, will have a benefit party at the North Market Hall, on Thursday night. We trust that his numerous friends will turn out en masse, and make it a bumper. During the past winter Mr. D. has ministered to the gratification of that portion of our citizens who are fond of "singing it on the light fantastic toe," on Hyphenian would sup, and they will no doubt gladly embrace the opportunity of repaying their obligations to him. An excellent band will be in attendance.

IRELAND.—Hungarian bills bids fair to become a great State. The LaFayette Courier speaks thus intelligently of her resources and prospects:—Indiana contains more than 1,000,000 inhabitants. Her surface comprises 33,000,000 of acres of very fertile soil, nearly all of it available for agricultural purposes, and the whole capable of sustaining an immense population. Her coal and iron fields, but little more than one hour's ride from this city, are of very fine quality and inexhaustible in quantity. The beds lie near the surface, are of easy access, and may be worked with great facility. The best varieties of timber are found on her magnificent forests, and the supply is equal to any demand whatever. Water power to almost unlimited extent is furnished by her numerous streams, affording great natural facilities for manufacturing. Thus, combining the elements of power and wealth, she invites capital and labor to employ and develop them to the utmost extent. Where is the man who is ashamed that he is a Hoosier, either by activity or adoption? Huzza for Indiana!

BANKING IN INDIANA.—We learn from the State Journal that nineteen Banks, with a capital of nearly seven million of dollars, have recently commenced business in Indiana. The whole number of free banks now in Indiana is forty-eight, with a nominal capital of $16,100,000.

☞ The Rock Island Company have got on their road a telegraphic car, which can be taken to any point remote from a telegraphic station, where an accident occurs, and communicate regular both ways.

THE GERMANS AND FREE LABOR.

The New York *Times* of Friday publishes some very interesting information, received by private letters from Western Texas, which deserves a novel and somewhat important movement, now in progress there. It appears that for a few years past the genial climate, the fertile soil, the winged fruits of this northern zone, and our ease of access from the port of New Orleans, have caused large numbers of German emigrants to settle upon the plateau lands of the northern portion of that State. In the town of San Antonio de Bexar, there are thousands of Germans doing all the mechanical work, and even the plantation labor of the country around. A thousand bales of Cotton have been raised and picked in one little district by Germans alone! German labor is found to be cheaper, and, of course, far more thorough, than slave labor.—Everything indicates a prosperous, thriving community. Schools and churches are being built; the rowdy, idle habits of Eastern Texas are not comparatively visible, and a spirited Anti-Slavery press is sustained. In other words, a settlement of Freedom is growing up almost in the heart of a Slave State! The German papers bear out the same account. They are large, handsomely printed sheets, essentially "Free Soil" in tone, containing in their columns, several extracts on the duty of foreigners in our country towards Slavery. Who knows, that a Free Punta State may not, in a few years, spring up here in Western Texas? To the friends of free labor all the North, such news as this, at the present aspect of affairs, comes like a voice of encouragement.

Without any strong prejudications in favor of foreigners of any kind, we confess to a much more cordial feeling towards our German population than any other class of citizens who are not "native and to the manor born." They are destined to become an important portion of our population. In New York city they number nearly one hundred thousand souls, or one-fifth of the population of the city. In some city we presume the proportion is nearly as large, and that it would not be extravagant to estimate the number of Germans in Chicago at twenty thousand. They are industrious, sober, (if we except a constitutional and national weakness for *Lager Bier*,) and above all, fitted to do the cheap and ingenious labor of the country. Wherever their labor will be brought into competition with slave labor, the latter will stand no chance. The German will live as cheaply and work infinitely more intelligently than the negro. But most important of all, these men—so accustomed such to clan in associations—are settling the borders and even the territory of the Slave States. They have left their vineyards and sunny land, because the curse of Despotism was on them; and they cannot come here to take up Slavery.

They show their abolitionism by their works. They out-work and underlive the negro. They pick cotton lighter and cheaper; they hay less and sell more with their voluntary, intelligent, many-handed labor—for every child in a German family works—than the neighboring planter can with his drove of slaves, who on their elaborately task under continual fear. They are, at least in Texas, uprooting the system more than all the raving attacks of Abolitionists for the last twenty years. Their influence on the institution in these countries is irresistable—like a law of Nature.

Not all power, or wealth or tyranny can sustain a system of production, however ancient or well defended, when there is one little defect—when it does not pay. We have always thought that just a slight change in the great laws of commerce—the mode of cultivating cotton, for instance—would shake the system of Southern Slavery more than all direct assaults for a century.

A large number of the young men who have joined the Nebraska expedition of Capt. Gibbs, which will soon leave for the Far West, are Germans. They could not do a better thing than to join it, and the expedition could not have better members. Let them, when settled in their Western home, remember and emulate the example of their countrymen in Texas, and wage a silent but an effectual war with slavery. They can discharge by so doing, a debt which they they owe to their adopted country, and strengthen the foundations of that temple of liberty beneath whose shade they now rest secure.

THE GOSHEN DEMOCRAT ON NEBRASKA.

The Goshen *Democrat* takes position, warmly and earnestly, on the side of Freedom. Its last number rebukes the attempted violation of good faith in the pending bill, with no missing language. Quoting from the Sandusky *Mirror* its prophecy that a vote for the bill prostrate will say (this Congress, who came in, it adds:

The above remarks will apply with equal force to Indiana. Any anti-Missouri Compromise man who proposes soon to come before the people had better make his peace with Heaven, and reconcile with the consolations in store for him beyond the Jordan.

Even in leader on the same subject, we make the following extract:

The South solemnly agreed that, in consideration of the admission of Missouri, the free laborer and poor white man of the North should be left free to the enjoyment of their rights in this Union, and to emigrate, without being forced into contest with what, to them at least, is a blight and curse. Now that their part of the compact is assured to them, shall they be permitted deliberately to violate the other?

"Good Heaven! what sounds the alarm last?"

Have indignantly would the devoted patriots who formed this solemn compact denounce any attempt to perpetrate an act of such base dishonor!

But we are told that the Missouri Compromise is already superseded by that of 1850. These are the authors of the repealing clause stabilized by their own proposition. Why duplicate these repealing enactments, especially at the sacrifice of the domestic tranquility of the country?—Why not let it stand as superseded? Ah! but it is only superseded in principle, and now reason is to cease in words! The doctrine established in that of non-intervention generally.—No, sir. That was the doctrine established with reference to the territories acquired from Mexico, but with reference to the other the express rule was prohibition. Talk not of the principle of non-intervention requiring the repeal of the prohibitory clause, unless you choose heedlessly to rush in where angels might well refuse to tread. Such is most dangerous ground. By a parity of reasoning, non-intervention on the other hand, would require a repeal of every enactment recognizing the existence of Slavery—of the Fugitive Slave law itself, and all laws serving as a basis for the institution in the District of Columbia. Insist upon the proposed repeals of the North, and in this construction it comes at last. You then lay the foundation of a controversy that shall not soon be closed—perhaps, permanently—

"Make quarries of graves, which, and one, like kindred drops, will mingle into one."

☞ Great pains are taken by Southern advocates of the Nebraska bill, to show that the Missouri Compromise was passed by Northern votes, and against the wishes of the South. The following paragraph from the chapters of Col. Benton's remarkable, recently given to the public, corrects this mistake:

"In the South there was some division among Southern members; but the whole vote in favor of it was 114 to 42 in the negative, the latter comprising some Northern members, so the former did a majority of the Southern among them are those opinions had a weight never rebuked by that of any other American statesman, William Lowndes, of South Carolina. The *array of name shows the Missouri Compromise to stand down a Sovereign Measure, and the great fact the seal upon that character by choosing it as* AN ORIGINAL TO THE SOUTH."

Mr. Clay, in a speech, in the Senate, in 1850, confirmed this statement of the following language:

I take this occasion to say that among those who agreed to that bill were a majority of Southern members. My friend from Alabama, (in the Senate, (Mr. King,) Mr. Pinkney, from Maryland, and a majority of the Southern Senators, in this body voted in favor of the first 10 bill; and a majority of the Southern members in the other House, *at the head of whom was Mr. Thomas Jefferson's nephew, for that bill.* I have no doubt that I did so also; but, as I was quartered at the House, and as the journal does not state which way the Speaker votes, except in the case of a tie, I am not able to tell with certainty how I actually did vote; but I have no earthly doubt that I voted in concurrence with my other Southern friends, for the adoption of the bill of 10 lb'.

☞ The Aurora Borealis states that the population of Kansas, as given by a census taken in February, is 2385.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

THE U. S. REVENUE, EXTRACTING IN SEARCH OF THE GOLD DISTRICT. A Pictorial Revenue. By Rev. Ed. Beecher, Author of "Conflict of Ages," "Papacy," &c. 12mo. 400 pp. Plated stock. Chicago: J. C. Ayer. Sold by all Druggists.

This beautiful book, unsurpassed in typographical execution and binding, is one of the first works issued from the press of Harper & Brothers, since the destruction of their establishment by fire. It is a spacious monument of the perseverance and unsurpassable determination of that firm, and of that nation of which they are an example, the American people. The Steel and Lithograph plates which illustrate it, ten in number, are beautiful specimens of art, and possess a great intrinsic value from being copies, by the best artists in the country, of drawings taken on the spots which they represent.—The book also contains a large number of Maps which are exceedingly valuable, and a vast number of wood and other cuts.

The incidents which led to the expedition of which this is a record, are so well known as to hardly need a recapitulation in our hands. For strength, even while opening no other, and to check Lord Stratford's receives orders, destined for publication, to set, or rather to talk energetically when in public favor of Ottoman independence, and, to keep up appearances, the fleets are sent into the Black Sea. But, at the same time, his Lordship is confidentially instructed to depart himself in such a manner as not to engage her Majesty's Government *too far*, in complication which may suddenly assume an aspect entirely different from that of a mere "show." The Fleet's reason that the fleets, to the well-trained, and of course unbounded astonishment of Lord Cambling, re-enter the Bosphorus, after a short cruise of three weeks.

The Sultan—and mark this, for it is one of the mainsprings of the Aberdeen diplomacy—is once more conceived a complaint that he is not cordially sustained, and that, therefore, his wisest course would be to make peace, as soon as possible, upon such conditions as the British Government may see fit to suggest. The circumstances thus disclosed contains the secret of the Turkish Ministerial change, followed by the dismissal of the Seraskier, who was found to be more Ottoman than Englishman, and by no means sufficiently compliant to perform the dirty work of diplomacy at any given moment. Rizo Pacha, the new Minister of War, is not, however, a badgeman—nay, might even be accused, a good one, but for the fact that he stands the acknowledged head of the patriotic war party. Yet he may, nevertheless, do well if backed by circumstances unfavorable to the temporizing policy of Redschid, who is but a subservient tool in Lord Stratford Canning's hands.

There are now several Hungarian officers of rank at Constantinople. Among them are Kleinka, Cyzes, Karassay, and Gal. The latter is a particular friend, and we think the accredited agent of Kossuth. No commands have yet been offered to these gentlemen, unless to those who are willing to serve in Asia, but they have been advised to wait. In the meanwhile the Austrian Ambassador, true to his character, is busy enough, then vastly believes they are doing the same of the African race in America—the same of just and impartial freedom, service, yet I cannot but regard all such as mistaken, and as bestowing their energy and influence in a way to injure the very cause they think they are serving. In some future article, I hope to show some of my reasons for thinking that the controlling men in the Board of Managers of the Society are not laboring with any view to bring slavery to an end, or to ameliorate the condition of the colored people in this country. I think I have said enough to show that my position is no wise incompatible with the fact, that Mr. Coats and some other good men may aid and approve the American Colonization Society.

I will pass to notice briefly an imputation to Mr. Gurney's letter, which I have seen urged for some party, claimed to be "the exclusive friends of the African race." In the article of mine to which Mr. Coats was replying, the language was "some" of the "genuine friends of the African race" lack faith in and are suspicious of the aims of the Society in question. I did not say "all" but "some." If I had said that "all the genuine friends of the African race believed and felt thus and so, then, indeed, I should have implied that all who thought differently were not "genuine friends of the African race," and that would have been a claim of exclusiveness. But my language was different, and will bear no such construction. Not only have I omitted the use of very language which is instrumental to a claim that such are the only genuine friends of the African race, but the language which I did use implies exactly the contrary. When I said "some" genuine friends of the African race believed and thought thus, it necessarily implied that there were others of them who thought otherwise and differently—just as when I say men are white, I imply that there are others who are not so.

In another article I hope to show reasonable grounds for my opposing the American Colonization Society, and to define the limits of that opposition.

A. C.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

Mr. Wm. Chase, having served an apprenticeship, and learned the business of a printer, in the office of the Tribune, and having since been a subscriber for the paper for nearly a year, has undertaken the agency for the Tribune in this city, and is now delivering the paper to subscribers at the rate of 12½ cents per week. Subscribers who have not been supplied, will please leave their orders at the office of this paper.

There is a nonsense in this proposition characteristic of the times. There are none more enthusiastic in the cause of our colored population. Their immigration (as shown) was prohibited nearly two generations since; and those of them among us are, with hardly an exception, native and to the manor born.

It is equally true that they have claims, perhaps stronger than any other class of people in the country. Their ancestors were brought here against their will. For two hundred years they have toiled and suffered in vain. In all our wars they have been true to the Republic; and in all the numerous engagements of those wars they have achieved both patriotism and bravery. They have been complimented by Washington and Jackson; and are even lauded by their opponents, as a docile, faithful, and confiding race. It is thing of the States of the Union, they are one great as citizens, entitled to all the privilege and immunities guaranteed to the people by the Constitution. Why, then, should they be excluded from the boon to be bestowed on whoever shall settle upon the Public Lands? Foreigners, if they shall have been in the country a little time, declare their intention to become citizens, are to be allowed to take possession of a tenement. This is right enough. We have not a word to say against it. But why, then, should not the poor black, who has been literally robbed of his all, and who has been, also, no less positively informed, that Kossuth received full intelligence of the contemplated action of the American police. Consequently, it is probable that the Hungarian leader will not go to the East, although the Turkish Government, still doubted, is most friendly towards him.—In all general war shall have broken out, and the actual disposition of Austria has been thoroughly unmasked.

MARRIED.

March 5th, in the M. E. Church, by the Pastor, Mr. SAM. YERLE and Miss MARY ANN BROWNELL, all of Chicago.

WORMS: WORMS!

☞ A great many learned treatises have been written, explaining the origin of, and describing the worms generated in the human system. Scarcely any trade of medical science has received more attention, and more learned research, and yet physicians are very much divided in opinion on the subject. It may be admitted, however, that some of the most distinguished authorities, have decided that the worm is not a separate animal living the body from their presence, is of more value than the vicissitudes to set their origin. The reasons were so much sought after greatly, and has recently superseded all other worm medicines, is a remedy being universally acknowledged by medical practitioners.

P. S. Dr. McLean's Celebrated Liver Pills, also Dr. Sanford's Celebrated Vermifuge, can be had at all the respectable Drug Stores in the United States and Canada.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. McLean's Vermifuge and Liver Pills, all others, in comparison, are worthless. mh7

LYON'S RATAFIA'S.

☞ We would call the attention of the public to a source of luxury, comfort and happiness—its pure nature and a present opportunity of amusement. The numerous cases of Lyon's Ratafia's Cordial are unrivalled. The proprietor can take warning, or the old early a remedy for sensation. What is cold, but would assert boldness? Who that is bold, but would assert boldness? Who that is bold, but would assert boldness? Who that is b

The Daily Tribune.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

To-day, the grand battle takes place for the offices of the city, made vacant at the close of the municipal year. The merits of the various candidates have probably been well discussed by the people, and it is to be presumed that all clear minded men have decided whom they will support by their votes. The withdrawal of Dr. F. Maxwell as a candidate for the Mayoralty, leaves the contest for that office between Mason, Tenney and McLean. It is wholly a subject of speculation which of the two will be most benefited by the retiring of the Doctor, and it would be useless for us to attempt to decide the question. We hope for the success of the temperance candidate, and sincerely trust that all who have the best interests of the city at heart—all who desire to see Chicago become the wealth and commerce, as she is now the business, metropolis of the North-West—will turn out and give their aid and support to Amos G. Tenney. That all may know the place of holding the polls, and the judges of election, we re-publish the following, which will be of interest to many:

INSPECTORS OF ELECTION.

1st Ward—Thos. Church, Orson Smith, Hiram Stanford—Place, City Hall.

2d Ward—Geo. P. Hansen, Isaac Speer, Joseph Parker—Engine House No. 1.

3d Ward—John C. Rea, Geo. W. Cobb, Wm. Wheeler—Watch House.

4th Ward—Nicholas Burdell, Joshua Bell, R. H. Fox—Engine House No. 2.

5th Ward—Nath Sturtevant, Russell Green, Thomas James—Engine House No. 3.

6th Ward—John M. Rees, Wm. Allen, Reuben Taylor—Engine House No. 4.

7th Ward—John Wrekler, T. A. Stewart, Michael Broderick—Engine House No. 5.

8th Ward—Robert Malcolm, And. Falkson, Mich. Lentry—Owen McCarty's.

9th Ward—Mich. Diversey, Chas. Street, Mich. McDonald—Engine House No. 6.

That all may know the requisites necessary to be a voter at this election, we insert the following extracts from our State constitution, and from the City charter, determining the qualifications of voters at elections in this City and State:

"In all elections, every white male citizen above the age of twenty-one years, having resided in the State one year next preceding any election, shall be entitled to vote at such election; and every white male inhabitant of the age aforesaid who may be a resident of the State at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall have the right of voting as aforesaid; but no such citizens or inhabitant shall be entitled to vote, except in the district or county in which he actually resides at the time of such election."—*Const. Art. VI. Sec. 1.*

"No person shall be entitled to vote at any election under this act, who is not entitled to vote at State elections and who has not been a resident of said city at least six months next preceding the election; he shall moreover have been an actual resident of the ward in which he votes for ten days previous to the election, and if required by any person qualified to vote thereon, shall take the following oath before he is permitted to vote: Provided, that the voter shall be deemed a resident of the ward in which he is accustomed to lodge."—*City Charter, Chap. 1, Sec. XIII.*

The polls will be opened this morning at 8 o'clock, and remain open till 6 in the evening—affording ample time for all to deposit their votes.

Vote early, and for the right man!

Irish Office Holders!

Many of our citizens may not be aware of the extent to which office and public plunder are distributed among the Irish of this city.—For the information of curious and the public, we have compiled a list of such Fire holders, and ascertain that in Chicago there are

[illegible]

Think of that, ye American citizens! Where does the money you pay for taxes go to! Consider the subject, and to-day go to the polls with a determination to vote accordingly. Support men who are as intelligent as yourselves.

THE MARINE BANK BUILDING.

The preparations for constructing the new Marine Bank on Lake street, near La Salle, are almost completed, and the building will be in process of construction within two weeks. The structure, it is expected, will be one of the most magnificent in the city, and its interior will be fashioned so as to afford all the accommodations presented by the best banking institutions in Wall street. It is to be constructed of the beautiful white stone from the Athens quarries, and will cost $60,000. It is to be 60 feet on Lake, by 75 on La Salle street, and will be within six feet as high as the splendid building now being completed on the corner of Lake and Clark st. It is to be occupied by the Marine Bank, by the law office of Scammon & McClagg, and the balance of the building will be divided into brokers, insurance and law office. The beauty such an edifice will impart to the business portion of Lake street will be very pleasing, and we hope that many more such structures will soon be created, and give place to the old frame affairs that now occupy valuable corners and lots.—Lake street is one of the most busy portions of our thriving city, and the merchants there long and all unite in testifying to the rapid growth of their business, and it is no wonder when they recollect they should occupy fine and substantial stores—such as would reflect credit on their own enterprise and industry, and at the same time add to the beauty of the street and city.

We are informed that the Board of Directors of the Marine Bank invited designs from the different architects in the city, but that submitted by Messrs. Boeling & Reimann was the one finally accepted, and those gentlemen will superintend the construction of the building.

This building in connection with three to be built by Jeremiah Price and Messrs. High & McGaw, will occupy the entire space on Lake street from Keen's book-store to the corner of La Salle street.

☞ W. W. Dannenhower, 132 Lake street, have laid upon our table "The New York Monthly," for March, a new publication, which we have before mentioned in our columns, with favor. The present number exhibits no falling off from the interest of its predecessor. It is well illustrated, and contains over 200 pages of good reading matter.

MEMBERS CONG.

This Court met at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, when the Grand Jury was organized, and a brief charge delivered to them by Judge E. S. Wenter, after which the Court adjourned till 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning. The following gentlemen compose the Jury:

John Rogers, (Foreman) J. S. Rawlins, E. E. Kingsley, H. E. Miller, J. Kohlsatting, W. N. Mills, George Stevenson, Joseph Plumb, W. Satterwhite, Washington Smith, Wm. Justice, J. E. Tenney, Edward Gill, J. W. Pendry, Ace Hoyt, Martin M. Ford, Samuel Cole, John Casey, Thomas Hill, Daniel Martin, S. J. Noble, Jonah H. Ford.

The present term will undoubtedly be a very busy one, as there is a long list of cases on the docket to be disposed of.

POLICE COURT.

Before Jr ge BOLTON.—Monday morning, March 6th.

The first subject called up was Daniel Clary, rather a sorry looking individual, who was charged with being drunk and disorderly. The facts justified the Court in fining him $6 12½ which will be worked out in the Bridewell.

Jackson Gregg, (colored,) and Mary Gleason, (white,) were taken from the hall of a house on Wells street, the previous night, at 12 o'clock, where they were found, holding a discussion—Each was fined $6, and sentenced to the Bridewell for 30 days.

John Eagle, got among his friends and "lay on blue," and the latter proving the stronger, he was seen in a condition to require a guardian, and that was supplied by the faithful Watch who escorted him to the "lock up." His liberty was granted, after paying $4 12½.

James Wilson, another boozified individual, who paid $4 12½ for his liberty.

THEATRE.—The opening night of Mr. Couldock was distinguished by the most brilliant success. Mr. Couldock was warmly received, and the audience appeared to feel all the pleasure naturally experienced upon greeting an old friend.—The play was, of course, admirable. We feel a loss for words with which to adequately express the emotions with which *Luke Fielding* filled us. It was a triumph of *Nature*, for *Art* could certainly achieve nothing half so beautiful. Mr. Couldock was well supported by the Stock Company, and the piece met with such decided success as to make a renewal of it highly desirable. Mr. Couldock plays again to-night. See the ad.

YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION.—Bayard Taylor will deliver a lecture before this Association, at the South Market Hall, on Thursday evening next. His subject is "The Arabs." As Mr. Taylor has recently returned from a visit to the East, it is to be presumed he is well booked up in his subject.

☞ To MERCHANTS.—Mr. Latshaw, editor of the *Wabash Valley Republican*, of Paris, Edgar Co., is now in the city, and will visit some of our largest merchantile and other establishments in order to give them an opportunity of making themselves known to the people of the Wabash Valley through the columns of the *Republican*. In less than sixty days the Chicago branch of the Central road will be finished to Urbana, and then all the trade of that part of the State will seek our city. The *Republican* has a large circulation, Mr. Latshaw is the oldest editor, now in "harness" in the State, and very much of a gentleman. We commend him to the attention of all of our citizens who may make his acquaintance.

For the Tribune.

OFFICIAL CLIQUES IN OPPOSITION TO THE PRINCIPLES OF REPUBLICANISM.

The past few years of experience with Official Cliques in our Charter Elections are quite sufficient to prove to every enlightened mind that they, in the very nature of things, are calculated to destroy equal rights and equal privileges, and are in direct opposition to republicanism.—And it has come to such a pass that no man, whatever his pretensions may be, can be elected to any office whatever unless he first secures their support by bartering away his rights as a freeman, thereby selling himself by supporting any man of the greatest influence to the Clique no matter what his principle or character may be.

Consequently we shall be compelled to have such men in office so long as the voters continue to support them or their candidates for office.

Let every voter make up his mind that he will vote for no man who belongs to or supports such Cliques, and the evil will be at once removed.

Another great evil grows out of such a state of things at the elections, by blocking up the polls with so many friendly to their cause, that it is almost impossible for a citizen who is opposed to them to get near the polls.

Therefore many a respectable citizen who is naturally of a peaceable disposition will leave the polls without polling his vote, feeling disgusted and insulted by a mob of unprincipled men placing themselves in his way for the express purpose of depriving him of his vote.

All citizens in favor of good order will be glad to see the late ordinance carried out requiring a sufficient number of the police to keep the peace at our present election.

A VOTER.

LAUNDRING.—The Michigan Southern Telegraph Line, office at 63 Clarke street, is now in the full tide of successful operation, and is putting things through with a rush. The operations, Messrs. Balch and Hotchkiss, are fully posted up in their business, and can "put a girdle round the earth" in much less than "forty minutes."

☞ We are requested to state that the "Chicago Colony" will meet at the Bethel Meeting House, corner of Michigan and Wells streets, North Side, on Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.

☞ The Board of Supervisors were in session yesterday, but after calling the roll, and acting on a few motions, adjourned over until after the election.

☞ The County Court room being occupied by the Recorder, the Court of Common Pleas will continue through its present session in the Judges' Chamber.

A GREAT SENSATION.

☞ DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM is creating a great sensation everywhere. We hear of its good works from all directions. We thought six months ago we knew its efficacious virtues, and when it was suggested to us, but we were premature in our estimate of its power.

We could not have believed by any logical course of reasoning, that the certificates published would have explained to that extent that it has "Quick Sections," and made such a wonderful impression on the public mind, as the credit it has taken us short. The healing good work has been felt, and is appreciated by legions of new happy hearts made strong in the returning of health. It is a fact which we are proud to announce, that the sick and afflicted can trust in the strength and power of this Liver Balsam, making each with them the return of health, if they will take it according to directions.

☞ See advertisement in this paper. 5d7

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

For the Cure of Nervous Debility and Determination of Blood to the Head—Extract of a letter from Mr. John Hook, of New York, Hatter, Nortonville.—"To Professor Holloway—Sir,—I think it my duty to inform you that for a long period I was afflicted with giddiness and pressing in the head and eyes, attended by loss of appetite and general prostration of the system. I was so bad I could do little or no business, and at length thought I was afraid of going out without an attendant. Mr. Hughes, druggist, of Hartford, advised me to try your Pills, which I immediately did, and am happy to say they effected a perfect cure, and restored me to health and strength."

Thousands of Cases of Consumption

Have been cured by the use of RUSHTON, CLARKE & CO'S GENUINE MEDICAL COD LIVER OIL. It is an entire supposition, of such medicine, but the pure Oil of the Fresh Cod Fish liver, prepared with the utmost care, so as to preserve its valuable properties in the highest state of medicine, and is recommended by the most eminent Physicians.

Caution—The great superiority and celebrity of our Oil has induced many imitations, and purchasers will please notice that the genuine article has the signature of RUSHTON, CLARKE & CO., over the cork of each bottle. Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

New York, 1852—506 Broadway.

Mississippi & Rock River Junction R. R. Company.

Notice is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Mississippi and Rock River Junction Railroad Company, that dividends have been made on the Stockholders' Book of said Company of twenty per cent, payable as follows, viz:

Five per cent on the third day of January, 1854.
Five per cent on the third day of February, 1854.
Five per cent on the third day of March, 1854.
Five per cent on the third day of April, 1854.

At the Office of CHARLES DEMENT,
At Dixon, Lee County, Ill.

By order of the Directors,
E. YEOM,
Pres. on Telegraph corp. 5d27 Treasurer Dixon.

☞ DR. C. SHERMAN'S

FEMALE CATHOLICON may be had at the Drug Stores generally, of Chicago, on a few days. This privately the best remedy ever offered to the public for the cure of female complaints exclusively. For diseases of the Womb, Gravelly and Scanty Menses, &c. 5d27

JOHN WEST,

197 Lake Street 197

CARPET

AND

FURNISH'G WAREHOUSE.

The above establishment is now open, with a choice selection of

NEW GOODS.

Table Linens!

DAMASK CLOTHS and Napkins, Linen Sheeting, Towels, &c., imported direct from Ireland, at the

NEW CARPET STORE

AND GENERAL FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

JOHN WEST,
5d7 197 Lake street.

English Carpets.

VELVET, TAPESTRY AND INGRAIN.

THE newest style, imported direct from the best manufacturers, at the

NEW CARPET STORE

AND GENERAL FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

JOHN WEST,
5d7 197 Lake street.

CURTAIN MATERIALS.

SILK and Wool Damask, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Gilt Cornices, Window Shades, &c., at the

NEW CARPET STORE

AND GENERAL FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

JOHN WEST,
5d7 197 Lake street.

RESOLUTION.

THE COMMENCEMENT, Resolved, solution under the [illegible] of Messrs. RUSHTON & CO., at the [illegible] of all of our [illegible] to go [illegible] MARY HOOKER.

200 BOXES CLUSTER RAISINS—On consignment, for sale by
BURTON & HEMPSTEAD.

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

THEATRE.

J. B. MCFARLAND, MANAGE MARGUER.

Second Night of the unrivaled Tragedian,
Mr. COULDOCK,
FIRST NIGHT OF JOHN DOBBS

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 7, 1854.
Will be presented Shakspeare's tragedy of
HAMLET.

Hamlet, Mr. Couldock; Ghost, Sullivan; Laertes, Wheatley; Polonius, Mr. Wheatley; King, Mr. Sullivan; Queen, Mrs. Shaw; Ophelia, Miss Laura Jean.

To conclude with the new farce of
JOHN DOBBS
Acting Rules, Mr. Wheatley; Mr. Dobbs, Mr. Couldock; Mrs. Dobbs, Mrs. Wheatley; Mrs. Mc Cluskey, Miss Laura Jean.

Boxes $5 to $1; Pit 50 to 75 cents; Gallery 50 cents. Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence at 8 o'clock.

J. WINCHELL,
LESSEE IN THE NEW CENTURY on the Corner of Clark street and Lake street.

T. N. HASKINS, Treasurer.

WINCHELL

LOOKING IN THE NEW CENTURY on the Corner of Clark street and Lake street.

T. N. HASKINS, Treasurer.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT

ANNOUNCEMENT,

TO THE AFFLICTED EYEBYTHERS.

DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BLSLM

COMES GREETING!

Dr. A. L. Adams'

NEW THEORY OF HEALTH is enjoying the most happy results, and the cures of the Dr. A. L. Adams' Liver Balsam have been so long and so strongly honored in the public and private journals of the day, that it

DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM,

THE GREAT PANACEA OF DISEASE,

is offered to the public of the States and Territories, for the entire cure of Liver Complaints in all stages, Bilious Fever, Ague and Fever, Chronic Liver Fever, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Jaundice, Bowel Complaints, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Nervous Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, General Debility, Nervousness, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dropsy, Female Complaints, &c.

Dr. A. L. Adams' Liver Balsam now finds, using the highest regards, any remedy known to the public, and has proved to be the most successful, beyond a shadow of a doubt, that

THE ONLY RELIABLE MEDICINE EVER OFFERED.

(Being purely all vegetable) for the permanent cure of the above dangerous diseases. Its effects have been so astonishing, so entirely curative, and promotive the Liver Balsam is to be

The Only Reliable Harbinger of Health

TO THE AFFLICTED, EYEBYTHERS.

Testimonials come in from every quarter, it has made, upwards of 1000 testimonials, of the best evidence by its use. And to convince the public, the Liver Balsam is recommended to all those suffering under the

IRON GRASP OF THE MONSTER DISEASE,

and at once produce one bottle of the *Dr. A. L. Adams' Liver Balsam*.

The reader's attention is called to the perusal of the Medical Circular, which can be obtained of every Agent through out the Union, which contains a full outline of the cases and cure of all chronic complaints, also, certificates from persons who have tested its wonderful curative powers.

Sold by J. H. Rand & Co., 161 Lake street.
Wm. Pitkin, 121 Lake st.
J. Burgess, 184 " "
J. Bishop, 114 " "
Underwood & Preston, 84 " "
F. A. Byrne, No. 2 Tremont House. 5d7

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE,

A TWO story brick tenement, 100 feet Frontage, on the corner of Lake and Hoyne streets, in South Side, Chicago's addition. Terms, cash. Enq. 100 Randolph st.

FOR SALE, 10 lots on Lake street, fronting south on Oakley street, in Block 10, Kinsley's survey, Chicago. J. S. BUCHANAN,
mah6 100 Randolph st., up stairs.

FOR SALE, several very Eligible Residence Lots, in the North Division, on liberal terms and terms.
J. S. BUCHANAN,
mah6 100 Randolph street.

LOT 5, Block 1, Dawson street.
Lots 1 & 2, Block 1, Dearborn street.
Also, 2 acres on Madison street, near the Bull's Head, with improvements.
J. S. BUCHANAN,
mah6 100 Randolph street.

FARM TO RENT.

42—FIVE Miles South of the city, on the Lake Shore: large commodious house, barn, cistern, Orchard, 10 acres in a high state of cultivation. To rent to a great bargain.
J. A. MARSHALL & CO.,
mah6 16 Dearborn street.

OAK RIDGE.

46—FOR SALE, 10 Acres of LAND on the Galena and Chicago Railroad, 4 miles from the Court House. Liberal terms, and very low.
J. A. MARSHALL & CO.,
mah6 16 Dearborn street.

NEAR AMERICAN CAR CO.

75 LOTS, at $150 a Lot, on time, by
J. A. MARSHALL & CO.,
mah6 16 Dearborn street.

A Beautiful lot of BLACK CANTON CLOTHS, just received at
STANLEY & HUTCHINS,
mah6 66 Lake street.

A Very choice Lot of Elegantly Embroidered SKIRTS for LADIES, just received by
STANLEY & HUTCHINS,
mah6 66 Lake street.

ORIGINAL TOWN.

FOR SALE—Lots 2 and 3 Block 64, Original Town, at $150 each.
J. A. MARSHALL & CO., 16 Dearborn st.

STEAM ENGINE & BOILER FOR SALE.

A LARGE Turning Lathe; Blacksmith's Bellows, and a large amount of valuable machinery will be sold cheap. Apply to
CHAS. A. GROSS, 111 Clark st.

BLOCKS FOR SALE.

2 TEN acre blocks in Section 7.
2 Five acre Blocks in Section 5.
CORNHAN & LYON,
Cor. Lake and Clinton sts.

FOR SALE.

THE subscribers have a number of pleasantly located Residence Lots in the West Division of the city, varying from 50 to 125 per front foot, which they will sell on a liberal credit, if applied for immediately. Those who are good class, on money will be received down, and long time will be given for payment.
CORNHAN & LYON,
Cor. Lake and Clinton sts.

LAND FOR SALE.

160 ACRES of fine Land, [illegible] from city limits.
CORNHAN & LYON,
Cor. Lake and Clinton sts.

TO RENT.

THREE DWELLING HOUSES, situated on the West side of Michigan avenue, between Lake and Couch streets. Possession given 1st of May. E. FOURCIE.
mch6-d

CHOICE RESIDENCE PROPERTY.

8 ACRES enclosed, on Indiana Avenue. Lots offer this desirable property for a few days on Canal terms, very low. Also, a number Residences and Lot on Monroe st, near Clark.
J. S. BUCHANAN,
mch6 100 Randolph st.

FURNISHING LOTS TO LEASE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, of Lot 4, and the whole of Lot 5, block 44, West Division, on Washington street, between Dearborn and Clark streets, for a term of years. For further particulars inquire of
H. PORTER,
mch6-7 Corner of Clark and Adams sts.

FOR SALE.

THE Northwest ¼ of Section 18, Town 38, Range 13.
HARDING & FITCH, 7 Clark st.
mch6

FOR SALE.

10 ACRES Land, in northeast corner of S ½ of S E ¼ of Section 14, Town 38, Range 13.
HARDING & FITCH, 7 Clark st.
mch6 Agents for Sale

FOR RENT.

A DESIRABLE OFFICE, with Storage and Dock-room for 20 or 30 logs. Possession given 1st April.
C. W. ALEXANDER & CO.,
mch6 119 South Water st.

FOR SALE.

LOTS on Michigan Avenue, near the American Car Works, 50 feet front by 150 deep.
HARDING & FITCH, 7 Clark st.

FOR SALE.

NO. 1, 2, 4—Lots near the new Post and Lake st., 16 ft. 10 in. front by 100 deep, and very cheap property.
NO. 11—1 acre of Land on the North Branch, which is the best bargain in Country. Only cash or you will lose it.
CLARK & LORING, 16 Randolph st.

FOR RENT.

A LARGE NEW BRICK HOUSE, affording a [illegible] Residence, with Stable and Coach House, Garden, &c., &c. The building good work has been finished, and is constructed by logical of new happy hearts made strong in the returning of health. It is a fact which we are proud to announce that the sick and afflicted can trust in the strength and power of this Liver Balsam, making each with them the return of health, if they will take it according to directions.

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Thousands of Cases of Consumption

Have been cured by the use of RUSHTON, CLARKE & CO'S GENUINE MEDICAL COD LIVER OIL. It is an entire supposition, of such medicine, but the pure Oil of the Fresh Cod Fish liver, prepared with the utmost care, so as to preserve its valuable properties in the highest state of medicine, and is recommended by the most eminent Physicians.

Caution—The great superiority and celebrity of our Oil has induced many imitations, and purchasers will please notice that the genuine article has the signature of RUSHTON, CLARKE & CO., over the cork of each bottle. Sold by Druggists generally throughout the United States.

New York, 1852—506 Broadway.

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At the Office of CHARLES DEMENT,
At Dixon, Lee County, Ill.

By order of the Directors,
E. YEOM,
Pres. on Telegraph corp. 5d27 Treasurer Dixon.

☞ DR. C. SHERMAN'S

FEMALE CATHOLICON may be had at the Drug Stores generally, of Chicago, on a few days. This privately the best remedy ever offered to the public for the cure of female complaints exclusively. For diseases of the Womb, Gravelly and Scanty Menses, &c. 5d27

CHICAGO BOOK TRADE

S. C. GRIGGS & CO.,

111.....Lake Street.....111

PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

Wholesale and Retail.

Ford's History of Illinois,

A GREAT BOOK FOR AGENTS,

IN PRESS.

AD will shortly be ready for delivery, in one vol. 12mo., of 400 pages. The above popular work, which has been so long and so anxiously looked for by the public, has been entirely rewritten, and the author has availed himself of the best opportunities afforded him, with unusual facilities, and great pleasures, detailing incidents and events, which have never before been published, and which, from the peculiar position of the author, he alone could do ample justice to. The author of the Black Hawk War, and of the line, possessed of the confidence of the Government, and of the Indians, combined with the facts and the materials, to be obtained by a full knowledge of the country, and the people of the period, enjoyed by the author, that leaves it without an equal up to the present time.

Illinois is the Empire State of the Union, and contains the Empire City—a city which in the rapidity of its increase, in the magnitude of its trade, has no equal in the long lines of its brother towns from ancient to modern times. Everything, therefore, relative to the history of Illinois, and its City, is but only known, will possess a greater and still greater interest, with every succeeding year.

The present work is not offered as a perfect or complete History of Illinois, but as the best, and the most complete, of its varied topics, a full and correct outline of Illinois Biography, which it is hoped will be taken, printed, bound, and sent to future times. One which will greatly aid in the preparation of a more perfect work, and which will be, at least, yet to be written.

A large portion of the results from all sales of the work, are to go for the benefit of the young orphan children of Illinois, who have lost their parents in the late war, and a number of copies of the work which should induce every citizen of Illinois, to aid in perpetuating the memory of the brave, and at obtaining a valuable work, and, aiding in the education of the children of one of our State's noblest, brightest men who was unswerving integrity of purpose, gained on the battle field, and in the cabinet of his country.

A large number of copies have already been ordered, and those who have not yet, in order to secure a copy, should forward their orders without delay, for the Publisher will be ready to deliver on the day of publication.

Publishers, 111 Lake st.

List of New Books, February 1st.

THE HEARTH STONE—Thoughts upon Home Life in our Cities. By Samuel Osgood.

Applicants, splendid Life, and other Illustrations, 12mo., 400 pages, 75 cents.

WORKS OF JOHN C. CALHOUN—Vol. 4, $2.00.

ALCOHOL, and the Constitution of Man—By Edward L. Youmans. 25 cts.

AN ATTIC PHILOSOPHER IN PARIS—Or, A Peep at the World from a Garret. 50 cts.

PLURALITIES IN ALABAMA AND MISSISSIPPI—A series of sketches, by J. G. Baldwin. 50 cents.

LINNY LOCKWOOD—Its Cathedral Groves. 50 cts.

JOHN—Or, In a Cloaks in the Hand worth two Cloaks in the Bush. 25 cts.

THE INVALIDS OWN BOOK—Containing valuable recipes from various books and various countries. 50 cts.

A WEEK DELIGHT—Or, Stories and Stories for the Parlor and Fireside.

A HAND-BOOK OF GERMAN LITERATURE—By J. G. Adler; containing "Schiller's Maid of Orleans," Goethe's Iphigenia in Tauris," Fouqué's Undine. 25 cts.

SPANISH GRAMMAR—By M. Sebale De Vere.

MECHANICAL THEORY OF STORMS—By T. Buchanan.

New Books received by nearly every express.

JOHN S. TAYLOR,
111 LAKE ST., S. C. GRIGGS & CO.
Jm

A NEW SUPPLY JUST RECEIVED.

A BOOK OF PLANS FOR CHURCHES AND Parsonages, Comprising designs by Upjohn, Dowling, Kennedy, Wheeler, Wells, Austin, Stone, Cleveland, Backus, Reeve, &c., &c. A valuable work for every architect and capitalist. Price $10.00. For sale by
S. C. GRIGGS & CO., 111 Lake st.

IMPORTANT GEOLOGICAL WORK.

OUTLINES OF THE GEOLOGY OF GLOBE, and its United States in particular, with an Geological Map, and a Geological Chart of the United States. By Edward Hitchcock, D. D. L. L. D. Price 1.50. Just rec'd by express.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO., 111 Lake st.

NEW BOOKS FOR CHILDREN.

BETHLEHEM STORIES ABOUT DOGS—For good boys and girls. Illustrated. Price 25 cts. Also, Bethlehem Stories, Price 25 cents.

LITTLE MARY; or Tales and Tales, for children. By Jane Porter, author of Sunny Side, Pour at No. 1, Tell Tale, &c. Price 25 cents. Bought at 111 Lake st.
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

THIRD THOUSAND!

THE DOOM OF RUSSIA AND TURKEY—Or, Scripture prophecy, being an English paraphrase of the principal predictions of the *Prophet Daniel*, respecting the political destiny of the Turkish Empire, and the Kingdom of Israel; adapted and simply to the present war, but independently of it as a commentary, which has been pronounced obscure portions of Scripture. By Rev. Alfred Brown. Price 12½ cents. Published by
S. C. GRIGGS & CO., 111 Lake st.

THE HUMBUGGED SPEAKER.

BY OLIVER OLDHAM.

"Let those laugh now, who never laughed before,
And those who laugh'd before, shall laugh the more."

This popular collection of things, droll, witty, humorous and laughable, will finds favor with all who can either enjoy or laugh, or hear one, when enjoy it. It is rich in Dialogues, Soliloquies, Parodies and Rich scenes of every kind, and is adapted to the use of Schools, Academies, Lyceums, Debating societies, social circles, and home entertainments. It is a compilation of the best pieces, already received, we subjoin the following:

Oliver explains his design upon our rhythm, which he opens speak with his Preface to the reader, and he of Hook, George Colman, Peter Pindar, Paulding, and others in the humorous vein, "We keep on the way, will, a short selection of amusing pieces, both in prose and verse, and also for both sexes. Our aim, we enjoy it is, to make pleasant to take up in a corner, to read or recite from memory, young and old, and to be read, and to be enjoyed."—Oliver Oldham! What that he ought to be!

We know of many who will consider this a valuable addition to their stock of books, and who will greatly prize it, as having brought into requisition in schools, The pieces are selected from the best authors, and are of a high moral or standard sentiment of oratory among the poetic and prose pieces, and the author has a rare gift in selecting which, but for the aid of this volume, would be dull and uninteresting to many.

The work will be neat, portable, easily recited, including an index, and will be sent by mail, for 50 cents.

HORTICULTURIST, FOR 1854.—Edited by P. Barry, Rochester, N. Y. The January number, contains the best of a new volume.

The Horticulturist, Magazine of Horticulture, is a work as is needed by every cultivator of Fruit and Flowers—in every one who desires to make a pleasant country or suburban home.

Terms for the Horticulturist, with ordered plates $1.00, Subscriptions received by
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.,
jm10 111 Lake st.

NO SLAVERY IN NEBRASKA.

THE VOICE OF GOD AGAINST NATIONAL CRIME—Or, the Sin of Slavery Extension. By Rev. Ira Mason Chase. 8vo. pamphlet, 32 pages; 10c cts., $7 per hundred. Also, a Sermon on the same subject, 12 pages, published only to cover cost. Will be published next week. Copies can be mailed, free, on receipt of the price in stamps. Address
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.,
Publishers, 111 Lake st.

GRIST MILL, AND SASH, DOOR AND PLANING FACTORY FOR SALE.

A FIRST rate Steam Engine, Boiler, and all necessary machinery for carrying on an extensive Planing, Turning and Wagon making business is offered for sale. The Mill is in good repair, and favorably situated on the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad, is in full and profitable operation, and can be had on advantageous terms.

In connection with the above will also be sold an interest in a Custom GRIST MILL, capable of grinding 40 bbls of corn and 30 bbls of wheat per day, which is in full operation. About $2,000 cash will be required, and the balance will be made to suit the purchaser. Inquire of Messrs. Ogden & Rose, Builders, or to
ROBERT S. ROSE, Bolivar, or to
CLARK & LORING, 16 Clark st., Chicago.

GREAT WESTERN MAIL ROUTE.

Galena & Chicago U. R. R.

Belvidere & Madison and Dixon & Iowa Central Route.

ONE Passenger Train daily, (Sundays excepted,) will leave Chicago for Dixon, Iowa City, Davenport, Rock Island, Milwaukee, Madison and Janesville without change of cars. Leave Freeport and Dubuque without change of cars.

Passengers for Dixon and Iowa Central Route, leave Chicago at 12 P. M.

TRAINS EASTWARD.

Leave Warren, 12.20 P. M. Arrive at Chicago, 7.20 P. M.

Passengers from Milwaukee, Janesville, Madison, Dubuque, Davenport, Rock Island, Iowa City, Freeport, Dixon, Belvidere, Rockford, Elgin, Aurora, Geneva, Batavia, Naperville, Wheaton, Winfield, Maywood, Melrose, Mannheim, Franklin Park, Bensenville, Itasca, Medinah, Roselle, Hanover, Elgin, Marengo, Belvidere, Rockford, Freeport, Dubuque, Davenport, Rock Island, Iowa City, Dixon, Warren

BANKS.

CITY BANK.
We continue to subscribe to receive
Current Deposits,
allowing six per cent interest thereon, payable on demand. Our rates of Exchange will be furnished on application.
HENRY KREMELBERG.

THE UNION BANK OF ILLINOIS.
Foster, Bro. & Co.,
EXCHANGE AND BANKING OFFICE,
65 CLARK St., CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
EXCHANGES ON THE EAST AND ROUTE. ALSO, IN
Gold and Silver Coin and Bankable Funds.
N. L. Foster, Cashier.

Commercial Exchange Company
BANKING
AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
CORNER CLARK AND RANDOLPH STREETS,
Eastern Exchange, Gold, Silver, Bank Bills, Drafts, Checks, &c., bought and sold.

American and Foreign Agency,
67 WASHINGTON, CORNER OF CLARK.
THE undersigned offers his services to the commercial and business community, as an agent for transacting any business requiring attention in the City of Chicago.
Persons having business with the Patent Office, Land Office, or any other Department at Washington, or with any Foreign Courts of the U.S., may rely on a prompt and faithful execution of their orders.
In addition to the above, the undersigned is prepared to receive Money on Deposit, and to negotiate Loans on Real Estate, or Personal Security, and to transact business in the Exchange and Land Office Business, in all its branches.
Office on S. W. cor. Dearborn st., Chicago.
JOHN MCCLOSKY.

CITY HOTEL,
BY WARNER & PARDOCK.
Corner of Main & Fourth Sts., PORTSMOUTH, OHIO.
THIS HOUSE, IN SITUATION IS A CENTRAL part of the City, and directly on the street leading to the Steamboat Landing, and in close proximity to the Depots of the Railroads now in progress from Boston to Cincinnati.
AMERICAN HOUSE
HANOVER STREET, BOSTON—ST. LEWIS BLOCK, North Mechanic, and Blackly Streets.
Provision for 300 persons. Terms, $1 per day.
H. O. CRIGGS, Clerk. H. W. FUDDY, Proprietor.

New Store, New goods!
WHITAKER & BROTHERS,
24 LASALLE ST., NEAR S. WATER.
HAVE just opened a new and well selected stock of Groceries, purchased in New York and the South, at prices which may now offer to the planters of Virginia, Kentucky, Rock Island, and all others in want, an advantageous market, and we invite them to call and examine our stock. Our cash facilities in purchasing are such that we can offer inducements to cash purchasers.
Refer to Wm. Ogden, Esq., Chicago; Wm. Gray, Esq., St. Louis; Messrs. Bradford, Woodward and Co., Boston.

La Pierre House,
PHILADELPHIA.
OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF GUESTS Thursday, Sept. 29th, 1853.
TABER & SON, PROPRIETORS.

CITY HOTEL,
NO. 137 MAIN STREET,
GALENA, ILL.
H. O. CRIGGS, 1911 E. W. FUDDY.

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Refer to Wm. Ogden, Esq., Chicago; Wm. Gray, Esq., St. Louis; Messrs. Bradford, Woodward and Co., Boston.

INSURANCE.

Lafarge Fire Insurance Co.
IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
CASH CAPITAL, ... $150,000.
EDWARD LAFARGE, President.
EDWARD LAFARGE JR., Secretary.
NEW YORK.
RAYMOND & PERRINE, AGENTS, 70 BUFFALO st.
UNION MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
of Dubuque.
Capital $100,000
Assets, Jan. 1st, 1854:
Cash on hand ..... $ 2,000 00
Cash in Bank 1,000 00
Cash in Bank 1,000 00
Cash in Bank 1